Amdt. dated February 7, 2006

Reply to Final Office action of November 22, 2005

CLAIMS:

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1. (Currently Amended) A method of synthesizing a
complex sound, comprising:

generating a plurality of different kinds of simpler sound events in a sequence of simpler sound events, with repetitive occurrences of at least some of said kinds, and with at least some kinds of said simpler sound events in said sequence having random time delays between their initiations of immediately successive simpler sound events in said sequence, independent of the kinds of simpler sound events embodied by said immediately successive simpler sound events, and

combining said <u>successive</u> simpler sound events into said complex sound.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein, for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events with random time delays, the average rate of generating said simpler sound event occurrences is constant.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein, for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events with random time delays, the average rate of generating said simpler sound event occurrences is time varying.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein said time varying average rate combines constant and time varying components.

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- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said random time delays are established in accordance with white noise crossing a predetermined threshold in a predetermined direction.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A method of synthesizing a complex sound, comprising:

generating a plurality of different kinds of simpler sound events with repetitive occurrences of each kind,

establishing respective random time distributions for the occurrences of at least some of said kinds of sounds, and

combining said simpler sound events into said 10 complex sounds,

wherein said random time distribution is established in accordance with white noise crossing a predetermined threshold in a predetermined direction, said white noise is low pass filtered, and the filter bandwidth determines the average rate of generating said sound event occurrences.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said filter bandwidth is selectable.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said white noise is filtered by a second-order filter having a frequency response characteristic F(z):

$$F(z) = [(1+\alpha_1)(1+\alpha_1)]/[(1+\alpha_1z^{-1})(1+\alpha_1z^{-1})],$$

where $\alpha_1 = -1 + 2\pi R_{\text{avg.}}/F_s$,

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 $R_{
m avg}$ is the desired average rate, and F_s is the filter sampling rate.

- 9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said random time delays are predetermined for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein a random time delay to the next <u>successive</u> simpler sound event occurrence is selected in response to each simpler sound event occurrence.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein an entire sequence of random time delays between said simpler sound event occurrences is selected prior to generating said simpler sound event occurrences.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said random time delays are user defined for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said simpler sound events with random time delays are characterized by a plurality of different parameters.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said parameters include one or more of wave selection, pitch distribution, pan distribution and amplitude distribution.

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the values of said parameters are randomly varied among said simpler sound event occurrences for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.

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- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein said random variation is user selectable.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein said random variation has a Gaussian distribution with user selectable mean and standard deviation values.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein said parameters have user selectable minimum and maximum values for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein a new parameter value is randomly selected if a selected parameter value does not fall within said minimum and maximum values.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the values of said parameters have different respective random distributions for a least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the values of said parameters have the same random distribution for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the random distributions for at least some of said parameter values are variable for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.

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- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the average rate of generating said simpler sound event occurrences is time varying, and said variable parameter value random distributions are varied in accordance with said average rate of generating said simpler sound event occurrences.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein at least some of said parameters are characterized by respective parameter selectors.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the average rate of generating said simpler sound event occurrences is time varying, and at least some of said variable parameter selectors have random distributions with average values that vary in accordance with the variation in the average rate of generating said simpler sound event occurrences.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 25, said parameter selectors including mean, standard deviation, minimum and maximum values.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein said parameter selectors vary with time in different respective ways.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein said method is used to generate sounds for a game, and said parameters are varied for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events in accordance with the occurrence of predetermined game events.

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- 30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the values of said parameters are user selectable for at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein at least some of said parameters are characterized by respective random distributions of values having predetermined average values.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 31, wherein at least some of said predetermined average values are varied during the course of generating a complex sound event.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said simpler sound events are stored in a digital wavetable synthesizer.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said simpler sound events are generated by an analog sound synthesizer.
- 35. (Currently Amended) A method of synthesizing a complex sound event, comprising:

generating a <u>sequence</u> <u>succession</u> of simpler sound events with random time delays between the initiations of <u>immediately successive simpler sound events in said sequence, independent of the kinds of simpler sound events embodied by said <u>immediately successive</u> simpler sound events,</u>

controlling said simpler sound events in accordance with one or more sound event parameters,

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the values of said selecting sound parameters in accordance with respective input parameters having random distributions, and

combining said simpler sound events into said 15 complex sound.

- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein the average rate of generating said simpler sound events is constant.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein the average rate of generating said simpler sound events is time varying.
- The method of claim 37, wherein said 38. (Original) average rate of generating said simpler sound events combines constant and time varying components.
- The method of claim 35, wherein said 39. (Original) sound event parameters comprise one or more of wave selection, pitch distribution, pan distribution and amplitude distribution.
- The method of claim 39, wherein said 40. (Original) input parameters comprise one or more of mean, standard deviation, minimum value and maximum value.
- The method of claim 35, wherein said 41. (Original) input parameters have different random distributions.
- The method of claim 35, wherein said 42. (Original) input parameters have a common random distribution.

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- 43. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein the random distribution for at least one of said input parameters is the same as said random time delays between said simpler sound event initiations.
- 44. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein the selection of sound event parameter values for each simpler sound event is triggered in response to the triggering of that sound event.
- 45. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein multiple sequences of different simpler sound events are generated with respective random time delays between the initiations of <u>successive</u> said simpler sound events for each said sequence.
- 46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein the generation of said multiple successions of different simpler sound events is triggered repeatedly in accordance with a random trigger sequence.
- 47. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said random time delays are independent of the durations of said simpler sound events.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein said random time delays are independent of the durations of said simpler sound events.
- 49. (Currently Amended) A method of synthesizing a complex sound, comprising:

generating a plurality of different kinds of simpler sound events in a sequence of simpler sound

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5 events with respective delays between the trigger times of successive simpler sound events in said sequence, and with repetitive occurrences of each kind,

establishing respective time delays between the trigger times of at least some of said kinds of simpler sound events independent of the durations of said simpler sound events, and independent of the kinds of simpler sound events embodied by said at least some simpler sound events, and

combining said simpler sound events into said 15 complex sound.

50. (Currently Amended) A method of synthesizing a complex sound event, comprising:

generating a succession of simpler sound events with random delays between the triggering of <u>immediately</u> successive simpler sound events that are independent of the respective durations of said simpler sound events, and independent of the kinds of simpler sound events embodied by said successive simpler sound effects,

controlling said simpler sound events in accordance with one or more sound event parameters, and

selecting the values of said sound event parameters in accordance with respective input parameters that have random distributions.